

CITY ITEMS.

A-Her-Son.

Wrapping Paper and Paper Bags at Bowen, Stewart & Co's.

A refreshing shower fell over all Indianapolis yesterday afternoon.

Col. A. P. W. commands the 60th Massachusetts, now on duty here. The regiment numbers over one thousand.

Rhodes, of the Circle, North Meridian street, affords his patrons an unapproachable 10 o'clock lunch daily.

Photograph Albums, bound in various styles, and ranging from 75 cents to \$25, at Bowen, Stewart & Co's.

Sharpley, the unrivaled Ethiopian artist, and his troupe of famous imitators, gave a concert at Masonic Hall on Saturday evening, August 20.

At the City Saloon, 53 South Illinois street, a magnificent lunch is set at 10 A. M. daily, and the public generally are invited to call and partake thereof.

Two horses were stolen on Saturday night from Mr. Wm. H. McCallister, living two miles southeast of the city. A German in the vicinity also lost a horse in the same way on the same night.

WANTED.—Twenty dozen pigeons, for which two dollars per dozen will be paid. They must be strong flying pigeons, and the writer of the undersigned, at the St. Nicholas Saloon, aug-9-22w J. J. ECKHART.

Dr. J. & W. Thomson cures Syphilis in all its species, stages, ramifications and phases throughout. All cases of the disease, whether old or new, are cured. A German in the vicinity also lost a horse in the same way on the same night.

Prof. Peersall's concert tickets 50 cents; children 25 cents, to be had at A. M. Benham & Co's Music Store, corner of Washington and Illinois streets. Seats reserved without additional charge.

CASH TRADE.—After the first of July, 1864, dry goods will be sold for cash exclusively, at No. 5, East Washington street. Those who owe accounts will please settle by. M. H. GOOD, jr 40f

FARM FOR THE HIGHEST BIDDER.—On Saturday afternoon, at 3 P. M. at the Court House door, Spinn & Smith will sell to the highest bidder a very desirable 80 acre farm, 2 1/2 miles S. E. of the city. aug-16-4f

"ENOCH ARDEN."—Alfred Tenison, England's greatest living poet, has given to the world a new poem entitled "Enoch Arden." Bowen, Stewart & Co. have just received a large supply. Retail price \$1.25. The trade supplied at publisher's price.

The great illusionist of the age—Anderson—assisted by Mrs. Anderson, Miss Hackett and a corps of accomplished artists, throws open the world of magic to the curious and wondering public at Masonic Hall to-night. Visit the Wizard.

At the Metropolitan to-night the complimentary concert tendered Prof. Peersall takes place. Ladies and gentlemen of the rarest musical accomplishments will contribute to make the entertainment one of the most delightful. Tickets 50 cents, to be obtained at Benham & Co's music store. Tickets for children 25 cents.

EIGHTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.—Capt. E. W. H. Read is still at 63 East Washington street, receiving recruits for the above regiment of United States infantry volunteers, who have served three years, and are capable of distinguishing the difference of treatment of men between volunteers and regulars. Those desiring to enlist can do better than enter the regular service. Sergeant T. J. McCollister will be found ready to receive those wishing to go.

A party of eleven gentlemen arrived in this city on Saturday night, from Henderson, Kentucky, having left that place to avoid the rebel Col. Johnson's conscription. Col. Johnson, with fifteen hundred or two thousand men, camped a short distance from Henderson on the 10th instant, and issued an invitation to all between the years of youth and imbecile old age to attend him on his excursion, informing them of his intention to call on all, on the 15th with an escort.

A REMEDY FOR PILES.—It is a blessing to the suffering to know that we have an efficient cure for this truly troublesome disease. Mr. J. P. Hazard, of 164 Second street, Cincinnati, Ohio, takes great pleasure in informing all who are suffering with piles that he used a small quantity of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy, and it effected a permanent cure. This seems to be the only cure with all who make use of this splendid preparation. It is manufactured at No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio, and sold by all druggists and mail order.

We regret to learn that a very serious accident occurred last evening at the residence of Aquilla Jones, Esq. An honest, faithful and industrious girl, who had been adopted and raised from infancy, was, while milking the cow, violently kicked on the side of the head, severely fracturing the bone and opening some of the principal arteries. One of her hands was severely lacerated, the points of the fingers being torn off, and she would have bled to death had it not been for the skillful and immediate attention of Drs. Fletcher and Parr. As it is, the situation of the unfortunate girl is extremely critical.

APPEARED LIQUOR CASES.—There are some twenty appeared cases pending in the Supreme Court, in which the appellants, in the courts below, were found guilty of selling liquor on Sunday, and of retaining the same. Yesterday, before Judge Davidson, Jonathan W. Gordon, Esq., made an argument in behalf of the appellants, making, among others, two points: 1st. That the law attached no penalty for retaining on Sunday. 2d. That the prohibition against retailing without license was contrary to the 10th article of the Constitution. No argument has yet been made for the State.

READ THE FOLLOWING.—Wm. Owens, of Lexington, Kentucky, has been afflicted with deafness, accompanied with roaring noises in the head. One ear was affected more than the other, so much so that at times he could hardly distinguish sounds. The gentlemen have been visiting Indianapolis, and noticed the advertisement of Dr. Gardner, the skillful oculist and aurist, and called on him to see if he could do something to relieve him. The Doctor, after a long examination, informed him that he could. Mr. Owens submitted to an operation, which was performed in a short time, without pain. The patient was able immediately afterwards to distinguish sounds, and seemed to hear as well as ever he did.

"We know the facts stated to be strictly true, and think it somewhat remarkable that the cure was so soon effected."

Dr. Gardner can be consulted daily from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. on diseases of the Eye and Ear, at the Bates House, Parlor 137, first floor.

RECEPTION OF THE 17th, 24th, AND 32d INFANTRY.—The 18th Indiana, numbering 146 men; the 24th, numbering 176, and the 32d, numbering 270, having, as previously announced, arrived at home to be mustered out of service, they were welcomed by the citizens of Indianapolis. Having dined at the Soldiers' Home, where everything was abundantly prepared for them by the ladies, the regiments, preceded by Hahn's band, proceeded to the State House grounds.

There Governor Morton addressed them in length, reviewing the history of each, and in the half of the people of the whole State, expressing the most unqualified admiration of their glorious career. From was Indiana of each of the regiments, of each unit of the whole men, whose heroic achievements would adorn the pages of imperishable history.

Col. Willich, Col. Hovey and Col. Washburne

were the three old commanders of these regiments. His Excellency had sent word to Col. (now General) Willich, inviting him to be present on this occasion. His Excellency regretted that Gen. Willich's duties as commander at Cincinnati, precluded the possibility of his coming.

Gov. Morton was followed by the Colonel of the 32d, who made a sensible and soldierly address, expressing his acknowledgments in behalf of his regiment for the hospitable reception they had received.

The Lieutenant Colonel of the 32d followed, speaking briefly in German.

Other speakers followed, and after cheers for the old flag, for Willich, Hovey and Washburne, and for Gov. Morton, the regiments marched back to quarters.

For the State Sentinel.

Familiar Letters—No. 1.

Whether or not you will have the patience to read, or the "devil" to "read" all or any of the nonsense I may write, is yet an open question. It can make no great difference, however, as I am not going to become a celebrity in the literary world anyway. Of course I could not object to take my place in the front rank of American literature; but a deficiency of mother wit, so annoying to ambitious youths, and the tendency of collateral circumstances, have debarred your writer from the delirium of the belles lettres, and will by no means suffer him to view the world from the top of a certain flowery mount of which the idealists speak.

So much by way of forestalling a conclusion at which every reader of these "letters" must soon arrive. I am, I think, the writer of a mischievous letter. Still I must write, and for the Sentinel. Why? Because it is a widely circulated and influential sheet, patronized by the better class of citizens, and eagerly sought after by many soldiers whose manhood and independence of thought the corrupting influences of military life have not entirely destroyed.

War, what is it? It is the great unifier of the ages. It sucks up the life-blood of a nation, saps the foundations of public virtue and private morality, and hangs a dark cloud over the future of humanity. In this fratricidal war are being sown in blood the seeds of discord which must be gathered in tears by generations yet unborn. We know this view of war to be correct. The voice of all history says so, and yet the men who ask for peace, who would stop the effusion of blood and conserve the best interests of the whole people, are stigmatized as copperheads, and proscribed and ostracized in a thousand ways. Eighteen hundred years ago, Christ—"the peace prince" of that day—sought to reconcile men to each other and to God, and lost his life in the work. It wouldn't be safe for him to come on a similar mission again, at least not to "this mighty nation."

OSKOR "EM."

Camp Burnside, August 14.

CITY COUNCIL.

MONDAY EVENING, August 15.

The Council met at 8 o'clock.

His Honor laid before the Council a memorial with regard to artesian wells and other plans for supplying the city with water. Referred to the Board of Public Improvements.

Also, with regard to an earnest endeavor on the part of citizens to fill the city's quays under the impending draft. A system of volunteering with liberal local bounties, raised by taxation, should be immediately set on foot. There was no time to lose. The 5th of September was at hand. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Also, recommending that the Council invite railroad managers to a conference relative to the building of a union freight depot. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Alleys.

Mr. Emerson presented a petition for the opening of Blackford street between New York and Market streets. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Coburn presented a petition from Messrs. Fowler and Child for the widening of the sidewalk on Massachusetts avenue from Pennsylvania street northeast. Referred.

Messrs. Barbour & Howland, City Attorneys, were instructed to demand payment of Root & Co. to the city of Indianapolis, for the city in favor of Meek, who had been injured by falling into an improvement Root & Co. were making, and if payment was refused to bring suit.

Adopted.

The Engineer offered a resolution increasing the pay of Engineers in the Fire Department to \$100 per month, and the pay of policemen to \$2.50 per day.

Messrs. Seidenstricker, Emerson and Jameson offered a resolution that already persons designated were paid as liberally as persons in other pursuits of like responsibility.

Mr. Emerson showed that the increase asked for would amount to \$50.00.

Mr. Jameson, protesting against this paying away money eternally. It was not our money. It was the money of the people. He offered a substitute reducing the pay of firemen and drivers from \$2.50 per day to \$2.00. Lost. Ayes 3, nays 7.

A division of the question being ordered, so much of Mr. Collins' resolution as related to engines was adopted. Ayes 7, nays 3.

The market meter reported that since he had taken charge of the markets he had collected one hundred and fifty eight dollars and paid the same into the city Treasury. The markets are now held regularly at both the market houses.

Concurred in.

The City Treasurer reported, for the quarter ending August 12, showing receipts from sundry sources, \$7,455.82; disbursements, \$2,845.65; balance to next report, \$4,610.14, which was concurred in.

The City Clerk reported relative to precepts for the collection of street assessments amounting to \$67. Concurred in.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee, reported the repairing of bridges progressing favorably. Concurred in.

Sundry resolutions were adopted allowing sundry parties final estimates for sundry street improvements. Adjourned.

Telegraphic Dispatches.

MORNING REPORT.

NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

REBELS IN THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

Gen. Sheridan Still in Pursuit.

THE REBELS MAKE A STAND.

LATER FROM MOBILE.

Terrible Fighting in the Harbor.

Surrender of the Ram Tennessee.

FROM GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

BURNSIDE RELIEVED.

Everything Quiet at the Front.

Ac. Ac. Ac. Ac. Ac.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The World's special to the saddle, dated Shenandoah Valley, 12th, says:

The rebels continue to retreat and are supposed to be on their way to Strasburg or Front Royal.

The weather is intensely hot, but despite of this the men are in excellent marching order, and the movement is as rapid as possible.

The army has the start of us, however, and if he chooses to continue his retreat the pursuit will likely be long and a battle some days distant.

Slight skirmishing ensued in the town. Our cavalry were close at the heels of the rebel cavalry.

The rebels are now in line of battle opposite Cedar Creek, across Staunton pike, two or three miles distant.

They occupy high land, behind which is a strong defensive position.

The rebels have been severely marched, and being closely pressed, they may have seized the opportunity of securing this position for a rest.

LATER.

CEAR CRK, August 12, 5 P. M.—Our skirmishers have crossed the creek, and are now skirmishing with the enemy.

Our skirmish line and theirs is plainly perceptible, and the firing is moderately brisk.

The enemy's skirmishers are just in the edge of the woods beyond. The only portion of their line of battle visible is on a distant hill.

No artillery firing has taken place.

5:10 P. M.—The rebels are now showing themselves on a distant ridge, where I observed that a portion of their line of battle was seen before.

They have opened upon our skirmish line from two guns posted in an admirable position, but done no damage.

Skirmishing is still going on and getting livelier.

Our artillery is just replying.

Two prisoners captured say that Gordon's division of Ewell's corps is immediately in our front.

They probably compose the rebel rear guard, and a decisive battle here does not seem at all certain.

At 6 o'clock skirmishing still continued.

Commodore Farragut, in a letter to Commodore Palmer, at New Orleans, says:

At an early hour on the 5th inst. our fleet lashed to and sailed into the Pass, close under Fort Morgan, pouring broadside after broadside of grape and canister, thus driving the gunners from their guns and leaving our vessels only exposed to the fire of Fort Gaines and Port Royal.

Which of course was less effective on account of the distance. At the same time Granger's land batteries enfiladed Fort Gaines and caused it to be evacuated, blowing up Fort Powell.

In passing the forts the Onida received a shot which temporarily disabled her machinery, but was safely towed through the fire by her consort.

Our monitor Tecumseh was one of the foremost and was sunk almost instantaneously, carrying down one hundred men including Captain Craven.

The gunboats having passed out of reach of the forts they were pursued by the formidable Tennessee and three iron clads.

The ram was immediately attacked and battered so effectively that he was compelled to surrender in a few minutes.

Lieutenant Prentiss, of the Monongahela, lost both of his legs.

Captain Maliney, of the Onida, lost one arm.

The Herald's correspondent at Mobile says:

When the Selma surrendered to the Metacomb, on boarding her it was found that she had lost fearfully.

Her deck was covered with the dead and dying, and corpses with blood.

Her commander, Lieutenant Comstock, formerly of the United States Navy, was lying dead across the breach with his bowels torn out.

The Tennessee attempted to avoid the monitors and make for the open ships, but the flag ship and Monongahela followed her up.

The latter struck the Tennessee amidship with her terrible prow, causing the huge rebel monster to reel like a drunken man.

The Hartford then grappled with the Tennessee, but further bloodshed was saved by the latter hoisting the white flag.

Some horrible slaughter was here visible on the Selma.

Capt. Girard, the new commander, captured the ram.

We captured near 500 prisoners.

Our army has possession of Dauphin Island.

The Hartford was injured more than any other ship, having been struck by every one of the iron clads except the Onida.

A large force of our soldiers have marched from Pensacola to invest Fort Morgan and prevent the escape of the garrison.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Official dispatches have been received by the Navy Department from Farragut, dated Mobile Bay, August 5th, confirming the accounts heretofore received of our success there.

After the Tennessee had surrendered the rebel gunboats Gaines and Morgan succeeded in getting under the protection of Fort Morgan, and this terminated the action of the day.

Farragut sent a flag of truce to the commandant of Fort Morgan, Brig. Gen. R. K. Meade, to say that if he would allow the wounded of the fleet as well as their own to be taken to Pensacola, where they could be better cared for than here, he would send a vessel. Gen. Meade refused to accept the offer.

The total loss on our side was 40 killed and 88 wounded.

On the rebel ram Tennessee were captured 29 officers and about 170 men.

On the Selma were taken 90 officers and men.

Gen. Wilcox temporarily commands the 9th corps.

It was reported last week that the enemy were making a dash for the coast on our left, but up to this time no demonstration had been made.

Everything at headquarters is perfectly quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, August 15.

Flour unchanged; small sales of trade brands \$3.25.

Good demand for wheat at \$1.85 red, and \$2 for white.

Corn unchanged.

New oats in fair demand at 75c, but old are dull at 85c.

New fall barley in active demand at \$1.70 @ 1.75.

A brisk demand for whisky; sales of 1,200 lbs at \$1.73; at the close holders asked \$1.75.

Bulk meats held in higher, and 100,000 lbs sides sold at 15c.

Shoulders are held at 15c, and clear sides at 18c.

Lard 30c, and upward.

Sugar quiet.

Molasses unchanged.

Groceries in fair demand.

Exchange dull and lower; selling rate 1-10th discount.

Gold 22 1/2.

Weather very sultry; strong indications of heavy rains.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 15.

Cotton steady at \$1.75 for middling uplands; Flour—State and Western without decided change; \$9.90 @ 9.95 for extra State; \$10.35 @ 10.60 for extra round hoop Ohio; \$11.65 @ 12 for State; \$11.65 @ 11.75 for extra; \$11.75 @ 11.85 for E. & D., for all September, at \$1.55.

Whisky decidedly firmer at \$1.75 @ 1.77 for State; \$1.76 @ 1.78 Western; 350 lbs E. & D., for all September, at \$1.55.

Wheat opened quiet and closed dull 1 @ 22 1/2 lower; \$2.16 @ 2.35 Chicago spring; \$2.11 @ 2.17 Milwaukee; \$2.10 @ 2.15 for winter red Western.

Rye quiet and steady.

Barley dull.

Corn lower and more so; \$1.50 @ 1.52 mixed Western, chiefly at outside prices; \$1.49 @ 1.51 @ 1.52 Western yellow; \$1.49 @ 1.50 @ 1.51 Western white.

Oats dull and lower; 18c Western.

Beef dull and heavy.

Rice 13 1/2 higher.

Coffee dull and quiet.

Molasses dull and unchanged.

Lard quiet without change.

Telegraphic Dispatches.

REPORTED BY THE DAILY STATE SENTINEL.

MIDNIGHT REPORT.

FROM GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

An Important Movement Contemplated.

Probably to the Shenandoah Valley.

THE KENTUCKY GUERRILLAS.

THE WAR IN GEORGIA.

MATTERS AT ATLANTA.

GEN. HOOD HEAVILY REINFORCED.

General Sherman Nearing the City.

FROM THE FAR WEST.

THE INDIAN WAR COMMENCED.

Ac. Ac. Ac. Ac. Ac.

Official Dispatch from Farragut.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The following official dispatch has been received at the Navy Department, dated Flag Ship Hartford, Mobile Bay, August 5:

Sir—I have the honor to report to the department that this morning I entered Mobile Bay, passing between Fort Morgan and Gaines and encountering the rebel ram Tennessee and gunboats of the enemy, viz: Selma, Morgan and Gaines.

The attacking fleet was under way at 5:45 A. M. Fort Morgan opened upon us at 10 minutes past 7, and soon after the action became lively.

The monitor Tecumseh was struck by a torpedo and sunk, going down rapidly and carrying with her all the officers and crew with the exception of the pilot and 8 or 10 men who were saved by a boat that I sent from Metacomb which was alongside of her.

Finding myself raked by the rebel gunboats I ordered the Metacomb to cast off and go in pursuit of them, one of which was the Selma.

She succeeded in capturing all the vessels that had passed the Fort by 8:20, but the rebel ram Tennessee was apparently uninjured in our rear.

A signal was at once made to all the fleet to turn again and attack the ram, not only with guns, but with orders to run her down at full speed.

The Monongahela was the first that struck her, and though she may have injured her badly, yet she did not succeed in disabling her.

The flag ship injured her with a broad shot, and passing her, fired a whole broadside into her of solid 9 inch shot and 13 pounds of powder, at a distance of not more than 12 feet.

The iron clads were closing upon her, and the Hartford and the rest of the fleet were bearing down on her when she surrendered.

The rest of the rebel fleet, viz: the Duncan and James, succeeded in getting back under the protection of Fort Morgan.

This terminated the action of the day.

Admiral Buchanan sent me his sword, being himself badly wounded, with a compound fracture of the leg, which it is supposed will have to be amputated.

The total loss on our side was 40 killed and 88 wounded.

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Lard 30c, and upward.

Sugar quiet.

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Oats dull and lower; 18c Western.

Beef dull and heavy.

Rice 13 1/2 higher.

Coffee dull and quiet.

Molasses dull and unchanged.

Lard quiet without change.

Sugar steady at \$2.55 @ 2.57, advancing to \$2.58, dealing to \$2.55.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

D. COLLEGE, MEDICAL OFFICE NO. 22 SOUTH Meridian Street, forbids the use of the salts in any case that may come under his care, no matter whether the disease is old or new, and he warrants a cure. Syphilis, in the primary stage, cured in 30 minutes, cured in 24 hours. Cures of 20 years standing cured by Dr. C. Office hours 7 to 10 P. M. w 22

It is reported to have been an attack by a rebel ram on a working party of Gen. Butler's, who are cutting a canal across a small peninsula in James river.

FROM LEWISBURGH.

LEWISBURGH, August 15.—The Atchison Press says:

On Sunday last the Indians commenced an indiscriminate murder.

The overland mail coaches have stopped running.

A supply of food must be imported to sustain the people.

OCULIST AND AURIST.

DISEASES

Of The

EYE AND EAR

GRADUATE OF THE

Dr. GARDNER

LONDON, ENGLAND,

OPHTHALMIC INFIRMARY,

OCULIST

AURIST,

OPERATOR ON THE

EYE AND EAR